

# The **bgreek** bundle

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## Abstract

This bundle provides an interface to use several ASCII input encodings to typeset Greek with Claudio Beccari's Greek fonts.

$\text{\TeX}$  is well known to be an outstanding typesetting engine, and  $\text{\LaTeX}$  is perhaps the most popular macro package based on  $\text{\TeX}$ ; yet they are also known to be somewhat demanding on authors, especially those coming from non- $\text{\TeX}$ nical fields, like biblical or classical scholarship. In these particular fields, many sources come from Greek literary monuments, and several systems have been designed over time to preserve and retrieve Greek texts in digital form, from 6bit encoding schemes to UNICODE.

This bundle implements several ASCII input schemes (hereafter called "dialects") of Greek as subsets of virtual fonts pointing to Claudio Beccari's Greek fonts, used by the standard `Greek` option of the `Babel` package.

## 1 Encoding

*Beta Code* was developed by David W. Packard, and has been adopted by the *Thesaurus Linguae Grecae* of the University of California, Irvine, and the *Perseus Project* of Tufts University. It was originally specified as a 6bit transliteration scheme, but 7bit variants are known. *Ibycus* is an 8bit set of fonts and a 7bit transliteration scheme, broadly based on Beta Code, developed by Pierre MacKay at the University of Washington for direct use with  $\text{\LaTeX}$ .

This bundle provides two dialects of Greek implemented as the Babel "languages" `bgreek` (for Beta Code) and `ibygreek` (for Ibycus), and they may be used together and with any other Babel language, including the "standard" polytonic Greek provided by Babel. In fact, this very document uses they all three intertwined. The call, as usual, is `\usepackage[⟨language⟩]{babel}`.

Consequently, the previous `bgreek` package with all its options, commands, and environments are henceforth deprecated, and the previous `\usepackage{bgreek}` call will give you an error message and stop compilation at the spot.

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\*This paper documents version 0.3 [February 13, 2009]. Please send comments and bug reports to `jlnr77@gmail.com`. Some contributions made by David Jones and Paolo Matteucci.

The `bgreek` dialect still sets the `\catcode` of `\` (backslash) to `\other`, to comply with the Beta Code specification, so `@` acts as the escape character inside `bgreek` texts. However, given the technical limitations of reassigning `\catcodes` inside macros, something necessary to use Beta Coded Greek in a full document, this “language” doesn’t use the standard Babel interface; instead, you must insert your Beta Coded texts with the `\textbgreek{<text>}` command. Moreover, this dialect also provides the shorthand kludge provided by the `betalabel` package, by Felix Berkemeier, using the `!` exclamation mark as a substitute for the `\` backslash to typeset Beta Code within macros like `\section` or `\footnote`.

The `ibygreek` “dialect” implements a partial subset of Beta Code, similar to the encoding of the `ibycus` package, by Pierre MacKay, or the `ibycus` language, by Peter Hesling and Walter Schmidt, using ‘backquote and quote’ to typeset grave and acute accents. This way, it is no longer necessary to change the catcodes of `\` and `@`, so we don’t mess with ordinary L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X syntax, and the standard Babel commands work as expected. Moreover, with the `ibygreek` dialect there is no need to prefix a star `*` before uppercase letters, for uppercase Greek glyphs are actually mapped into the corresponding slots in the virtual fonts. Finally, as the special Beta Code characters `#` hash and `%` percent have no special meaning in Ibycus, you should access the extra characters via the usual commands, as defined below.

These “dialects” will not typeset Greek numerals out of their Arabic or Roman counterparts, so you must use the standard Greek language from Babel to do so. Please check the documentation for the standard implementation of the Greek language for details.

## 2 Crash course

A text containing the following lines:

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[bgreek,english]{babel}
\let\bocode\textbgreek
\begin{document}
All humans desire to know by nature.\footnote{%
\bocode{*pa/ntes a)/nqrwpoi tou= ei)de/nai o)re/gontai fu/sei.}}
\end{document}
```

will typeset the following:

All humans desire to know by nature.<sup>1</sup>

You may want to see more comprehensive samples as appendixes to this document.

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<sup>1</sup>Πάντες ἄνθρωποι τοῦ εἰδέναι ὀρέγονται φύσει.

### 3 The Beta Code Encoding

A full description of the Beta Code implemented in the fonts may be found in the following tables, based on “TLG Beta Code Quick Reference Guide”, last revised August 23, 2004, available from [http://ptolemy.tlg.uci.edu/quickbeta.pdf/](http://ptolemy.tlg.uci.edu/quickbeta.pdf). Section and table numbers follow the Beta Code Manual.<sup>2</sup>

The black box █ denotes a character that is not supported. Use of the corresponding Beta code results in undefined behaviour.

## 1. Greek, Latin and Coptic Alphabets, Fonts and Punctuation

### 1.1. Polytonic Greek

#### 1.1.1 The Greek Alphabet

#### 1.1.2 Accents, diacritics and punctuation

#### Punctuation

Punctuation	Beta Code	Name
.	.	Period
:	:	Colon (Ano Stigme)
;	;	Question Mark
,	,	Apostrophe
-	-	Hyphen
--	-- (??)	Dash

## 3. Quotation Marks, Parentheses, Additional Punctuation and Additional Characters

### 3.1. "—Quotation Marks

Quotation mark ligatures are unsupported. However, the regular «\guillemetleft» and «\guillemetright» commands are readily available. (T1 encoding L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X ‘guillemot’s are misleadingly funny typos.)

### 3.2. [—Parentheses

Beta Code	Character	Name
[	[	Square Bracket (Opening)
]	]	Square Bracket (Closing)
[1	(	Parenthesis (Opening)
]1	)	Parenthesis (Closing)

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<sup>2</sup>This section was contributed by David Jones.

Table 1: Standard Greek Alphabet with Beta Code equivalents

Upper Case	Beta Code	Character Name	Lower Case	Beta Code
A	*a	Alpha	α	a
B	*b	Beta	β	b
Γ	*g	Gamma	γ	g
Δ	*d	Delta	δ	d
Ε	*e	Epsilon	ε	e
Ζ	*z	Zeta	ζ	z
Η	*h	Eta	η	h
Θ	*q	Theta	ϑ	q
Ι	*i	Iota	ι	i
Κ	*k	Kappa	κ	k
Λ	*l	Lambda	λ	l
Μ	*m	Mu	μ	m
Ν	*n	Nu	ν	n
Ξ	*c	Xi	ξ	c
Ο	*o	Omicron	ο	o
Π	*p	Pi	π	p
Ρ	*r	Rho	ρ	r
Σ	*s	Medial Sigma	σ	s, s1
Σ	*s	Final Sigma	ς	s, s2
▀	*s (*s3)	Lunate Sigma	▀	s (s3)
Τ	*t	Tau	τ	t
Υ	*u	Upsilon	υ	u
Φ	*f	Phi	φ	f
Χ	*x	Chi	χ	x
Ψ	*y	Psi	ψ	y
Ω	*w	Omega	ω	w

The rest of the parentheses codes are unsupported.

### 3.3. %—Additional Punctuation and Characters

Beta Code	Character	Name
%	▀	Crux (†)
%1	▀	Latin Question Mark (?)
%2	*	Asterisk
%3	/	Slash
%4	!	Exclamation Mark
%5	▀	Long Vertical Bar ( )
%6	=	Equals Sign
%7	+	Plus Sign
%8	%	Percent Sign
%9	▀	Ampersand (&)
%10	:	Dicolon

Table 2: Further Greek Letters					
Upper Case	Beta Code	Character Name	Lower Case	Beta Code	
F	*v	Digamma	ϝ	v	
Ϟ	*#2 (*#4)	Stigma	ϟ	#2 (#4)	
Ϙ Ϲ Ͻ	*#3 (*#4) (*#1)	Koppa	ϙ Ϲ Ͻ	#3 (#4) (#1)	
Ϻ	*#711	San	ϻ	#711	
Ϻ	*#5	Sampi	ϻ	#5	

Some technical limitations in the handling of the # hash sign in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X may prevent these characters from being available directly with Beta Code, so the following commands may be used: \anwtonos (‘), \katwtonos (,), \qoppa (߻), \Qoppa (߻), \varqoppa (߻), \stigma (߻), \Sampi (߻), \sampi (߻), \vardigamma (߻).

Table 3: Polytonic Greek accents and diacritics				
Diacritic	Beta Code	Name	Examples	Coded as
,	)	Smooth breathing	ὲν	e)n
,	(	Rough breathing	ὁ, οἱ	o(, oi(
,	/	Acute accent	πρός	pro/s
~	=	Circumflex accent	τῶν	tw=n
,	\	Grave accent	πρὸς	pro\s
..	+	Diaeresis	προϊέναι	proi+e/nai
,		Iota subscript	τῷ	tw=
>,	?	Subscript dot		
,	%26	Macron		
,	%27	Breve		

Some technical limitations in the handling of the % percent sign in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X may keep these characters from being typeset directly with Beta Code. The rest of the %-codes are unsupported.

## 4 Caveats and Acknowledgments

The code is working its way into maturity. The input encoding scheme changed slightly from version 0.1, towards completeness (as far as this is possible) and stability, and the Babel Language Definition Files are still simple and likely to be buggy. The next big step shall be the implementation of hyphenation patterns for both (bgreek and ibygreek) “languages”. A few glyphs shall be reassigned to support additional characters, like lunate sigma or textual underdot.

Version 1.0 will comply with the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X3 project distribution standards, using a .dtx file for distribution, and a few scripts to make installation easier. Meanwhile, the method of installation is simply by unpacking the zip file into a suitable root texmf tree, like /usr/local/share/texmf, for instance.

Some portions of the documentation and code have been borrowed from Silvio Levy and Timothy Murphy, *Using Greek Fonts with L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X*, which is part of the

`lgreek.sty` package, and Apostolos Syropoulos *The Greek Language*, which is part of the distribution of the `Babel` system. The virtual fonts have been generated with the `fontinst` package by Alan Jeffrey.

David Jones found and fixed some broken ligatures, and implemented a lot of ligatures missing in version 0.1. He also provided the text from the Illiad for test driving. Paolo Matteucci suggested maintaining support for the ibycus encoding, for backwards compatibility with version 0.1. He also provided the text from the Odyssey. Special thanks to David Kastrup and Donald Arsenau for suggesting a workable way to preserve `\catcodes` within macros.

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## Appendices

### ·Ιλιαδος Α

The following text has been transcribed using the Beta Code encoding.

Μῆνιν ἔσειδε θεὰ Πηληγιάδεω ἀχιλῆος  
οὐλομένην, ἦ μυρί' ἀχαιοῖς ἄλγε' ἔθηκε,  
πολλὰς δ' ἵφθιμους ψυχὰς Ἄιδη προίαψεν  
ἡρώων, αὐτοὺς δὲ ἐλώρια τεῦχε κύνεσσιν  
οἰωνοῖσι τε πᾶσι, Διὸς δ' ἐτελείετο βουλή,  
ἐξ οὗ δὴ τὰ πρῶτα διαστήτην ἐρίσαντε  
Ἄτρεΐδης τε ἄναξ ἀνδρῶν καὶ δῖος ἀχιλλεύς.  
τίς τ' ἄρ σφωε θεῶν ἔριδι ξυνέηκε μόχεσθαι;  
Λητοῦς καὶ Διός υἱός· ὃ γὰρ βασιλῆϊ χολωθεὶς  
νοῦσον ἀνὰ στρατὸν ὅρσε κακήν, ὀλέκοντο δὲ λαοί,  
οῦνεκα τὸν Χρύσην ἡτίμασεν ἀρητῆρα  
Ἄτρεΐδης· ὃ γὰρ ἡλθε θοὰς ἐπὶ νῆας ἀχαιῶν  
λυσόμενός τε θύγατρα φέρων τ' ἀπερείσι' ἀποινα,  
στέμματ' ἔχων ἐν χερσὶν ἐκηβόλου Ἀπόλλωνος  
χρυσέω ἀνὰ σκήπτρῳ, καὶ λίσσετο πάντας ἀχαιούς,  
Ἄτρεΐδα δὲ μάλιστα δύω, κοσμήτορε λαῶν·  
Ἄτρεΐδαι τε καὶ ἄλλοι εὖκνήμιδες ἀχαιοί,  
ὑμῖν μὲν θεοὶ δοίεν Ὁλύμπια δῶματ' ἔχοντες  
ἐκπέρσαι Πριάμοι πόλιν, εῦ δ' οἴκαδ' ἵκέσθαι,  
παιᾶδα δ' ἔμοι λύσαυτε φίληγν, τὰ δ' ἀποινα δέχεσθαι,  
ἀζόμενοι Διὸς υἱὸν ἐκηβόλον Ἀπόλλωνα.

This is the source code:

```
\textbgreek{%
*mh=nin a)/eide qea\ *phlhi+a/dew *)axilh=os@\relax
```

```

ou)lome/nhn, h(\ muri/' *)axaioi=s a)/lge' e)/qhke,@\@relax
polla\s d' i)fqi/mous yuxa\s */ai+di proi/+ayen@`@relax
h(rw/wn, au)tou\s de\ e(lw/ria teu=xe ku/nessin@`@relax
oi)wnoi=si/ te pa=si, *dio\s d' e)telei/eto boulh/,@`@relax
e)c ou(= dh\ ta\ prw=ta diasth/thm e)ri/sante@`@relax
*)atrei/+dhs te a)/nac a)ndrw=n kai\ di=os *)axilleu/s.@`@relax
ti/s t' a)/r sfwe qew=n e)/ridi cune/hke ma/xesqai;@`@relax
*lhthou=s kai\ *dio\s ui(o/s: o(\ ga\r basilh=i+ xolwqei\s@`@relax
nou=son a)na\ strato\n o)/rse kakh/n, o)le/konto de\ laoi/,@`@relax
ou(/neka to\n *xru/shn h)ti/masen a)rhth=ra@`@relax
*)atrei/+dhs: o(\ ga\r h)=lqe qoa\s e)pi\ nh=as *)axaiw=n@`@relax
lus/o/meno/s te qu/gatra fe/rwn t' a)perei/si' a)/poina, @`@relax
ste/mmat' e)/xwn e)n xersi\n e(khbo/lou *)apo/llwnos@`@relax
xruse/w| a)na\ skh/ptrwl, kai\ li/sseto pa/ntas *)axaiou/s, @`@relax
*)atrei/+da de\ ma/lista du/w, kosmh/tore law=n:@`@relax
*)atrei/+dai te kai\ a)/lloiu+knh/mides *)axaioi/, @`@relax
u(mi=n me\n qeo\l doi=en *)olu/mpia dw/mat' e)/xontes@`@relax
e)kpe/rsai *pria/moio po/lin, eu)= d' oi)/kad' i(ke/sqai:@`@relax
pai=da d' e)moi\ lu/saite fi/lhn, ta\ d' a)/poina de/xesqai, @`@relax
a(zo/menoi *dio\s ui(o\n e(khbo/lon *)apo/llwna. @`@relax
}

```

## Odyssey I

The following passage has been transcribed using the Ibucus encoding.

"Ανδρα μοι ἔννεπε, μοῦσα, πολύτροπον, δς μάλα πολλὰ  
πλάγχθη, ἐπεὶ Τροίης ἱερὸν πτολίεθρον ἔπερσεν·

πολλῶν δ' ἀνθρώπων ἵδεν ἄστεα καὶ νόον ἔγνω,  
πολλὰ δ' ὅ γ' ἐν πόντῳ πάθεν ἄλγεα δν κατὰ θυμόν,  
ἀρνύμενος ἦν τε ψυχὴν καὶ νόστον ἔταιρων.

'Αλλ' οὐδ' ὥς ἔταρους ἐρρύσατο, ἴέμενός περ·  
αὐτῶν γάρ σφετέρησιν ἀτασθαλίησιν ὅλοντο,  
νήπιοι, οἱ κατὰ βοῦς Ύπερίονος Ἡελίοιο  
ἡσθιον· αὐτὰρ ὁ τοῖσιν ἀφείλετο νόστιμον ἥμαρ.  
Τῶν ἀμόθεν γε, θεά, θύγατερ Διός, εἰπὲ καὶ ἥμιν.

"Ενθ' ἄλλοι μὲν πάντες, δσοι φύγον αἴπυν ὅλεθρον,  
οἴκοι ἔσαν, πόλεμόν τε πεφευγότες ἡδὲ θάλασσαν·  
τὸν δ' οἶον νόστου κεχρημένον ἡδὲ γυναικὸς  
νύμφη πότνι ἔρυκε Καλυψώ δῖα θεάων  
ἐν σπέσσι γλαφυροῖσι, λιλαιομένη πόσιν εἶναι.  
Αλλ' ὅτε δὴ ἔτος ἥλθε περιπλομένων ἐνιαυτῶν,

τῷ οἱ ἐπεκλώσαντο θεοὶ οἰκόνδε νέεσθαι  
 εἰς Ἰθάκην, οὐδ' ἔνθα πεφυγμένος ἦεν ἀέθλων  
 καὶ μετὰ οῖσι φίλοισι. Θεοὶ δ' ἐλέαιρον ἄπαντες  
 νόσφι Ποσειδάωνος· ὁ δ' ἀσπερχὲς μενέαινεν  
 ἀντιθέω Ὄδυσσῃ πάρος ἦν γαῖαν ἵκέσθαι.

This is the corresponding source code:

```
\begin{otherlanguage}{ibygreek}\obeylines
)’Andra moi e)’nnepe, mou=sa, \emph{polu’tropon}, o(‘s ma’la polla‘
pla’gxqh, e)pei‘ Troi’hs i(ero‘n ptoli’eqron e)’persen:
pollw=n d’ a)nqrw’pwn i)’den a)’stea kai‘ no’on e)’gnw,
polla‘ d’ o(‘ g’ e)n po’ntw| pa’qen a)’lgea o(‘n kata‘ qumo’n,
a)rnu’menos h(‘n te yuxh’n kai‘ no’ston e(tai’rw.
)All’ ou)d’ w(‘s e(ta’rous e)rru’sato, i(e’meno’s per:
au)tw=n ga’r sfete’rh|sin a)tasqali’h|sin o)’lonto,
nh’ploi, oi(‘ kata‘ bou=s (Uperi’onos )Heli’oio
h)’sqion: au)ta’r o( toi=sin a)fei’leto no’stimon h)=mar.
Tw=n a(mo’qen ge, qea’, qu’gater Dio’s, ei)pe‘ kai‘ h(mi=n.
\medskip
)’Enq’ a)’llooi me’n pa’ntes, o(‘soi fu’gon ai)pu’n o)’leqron,
oi)’koi e)’san, po’lemo’n te pefeuugo’tes h)de‘ qa’lassan:
to’n d’ oi)=on no’stou kexrhme’non h)de‘ gunaiko’s
nu’mfh po’tni’ e)’ruke Kaluyw’ di=a qea’wn
e)n spe’ssi glafuroi=si, lilaiome’nh po’sin ei)=nai.
)All’ o(‘te dh’ e)’tos h)=lqe periplome’nwn e)niautw=n,
tw=| oi( e)peklw’santo qeoī‘ oi)=ko’nde ne’esqai
ei)s )Iqa’khn, ou)d’ e)’nqa pefugme’nos h)=en a)e’qlwn
kai‘ meta‘ oi(=si fi’loisi. Qeoī‘ d’ e)le’airon a(‘pantes
no’sfi Poseida’wnos: o( d’ a)sperxe’s mene’ainen
a)ntiqe’w| )Odush=i pa’ros h(‘n gai=an i(ke’sqai.
\end{otherlanguage}
```